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1.1 About LanguageCert

LanguageCert is an Ofqual recognised Awarding Organisation responsible for the development and award of language qualifications. LanguageCert’s mission is to offer high quality language qualifications that are truly fit-for purpose for the markets/candidates they serve.

LanguageCert ESOL International Qualifications (Entry Levels 1, 2 & 3, and Levels 1, 2 & 3 corresponding to CEFR levels A1 to C2) are regulated by Ofqual.

1.2 ESOL Qualifications

ESOL qualifications are designed for candidates who are not native speakers of English and who wish to achieve a high quality, internationally recognised qualification in English that is available and recognised worldwide. They are suitable for candidates who are seeking professional employment in the UK or elsewhere. ESOL International qualifications are designed to reference the descriptions of language proficiency in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). The levels in the CEFR have been mapped to the levels in the Regulated Qualifications Framework for England, Wales and Northern Ireland (see Pathways to Proficiency: the alignment of language proficiency scales for assessing competence in English Language DFES / QCA, 2003).

LanguageCert ESOL International qualifications are available from A1 to C2 and candidates are able to choose the most appropriate qualification to meet their specific needs. For further information, please visit the LanguageCert website (www.languagecert.org).

1.3 The ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualification handbook

This ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualification handbook for centres and candidates from LanguageCert provides a comprehensive introduction to the LanguageCert suite of ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualifications and their associated examinations.

The aim of this handbook is to provide information and advice for users of LanguageCert’s qualifications, inclusive of all existing and potential centres offering the LanguageCert ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualifications. This handbook also serves as a reference point for teachers who prepare their candidates for the LanguageCert ESOL International examinations.

A Guide for Interlocutors is also available and is aimed at preparing interlocutors for all aspects of administering the ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) tests.

The Qualification Handbook can be downloaded from the LanguageCert website.

Please note that separate qualification handbooks have been produced for the International ESOL (Speaking) and International ESOL (Listening, Reading and Writing) Qualifications. These are also available on the LanguageCert website.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LanguageCert ESOL International Qualification Levels</th>
<th>Corresponding CEFR Levels</th>
<th>Equivalent UK (England and Wales) national levels</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preliminary</td>
<td>A1 Breakthrough</td>
<td>Entry 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access</td>
<td>A2 Waystage</td>
<td>Entry 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Achiever</td>
<td>B1 Threshold</td>
<td>Entry 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.4 Total Qualification Time (TQT) and Guided Learning Hours (GLH)

The term 'Guided Learning Hours' is defined as the hours of guided learning under the immediate guidance or supervision of a lecturer, supervisor, tutor or other appropriate provider of education or training.

Total Qualification Time is the number of notional hours which represent an estimate of the total amount of time that could reasonably be expected to be required in order for a Learner to achieve and demonstrate the achievement of the level of attainment necessary for the award of a qualification.

With regard to Guided Learning Hours, LanguageCert is consistent with CEFR references which assign approximate values to levels of International qualifications. As highlighted by ALTE, as a Learner advances up the levels, the number of hours to attain each level increases, this being evidence of the continual nature of language learning.

Please note that Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) is not applicable to the suite of ESOL International qualifications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CEFR Level and Corresponding LanguageCert and UK national Levels (England and Wales)</th>
<th>Qualification Title</th>
<th>Guided Learning Hours (GLH)</th>
<th>Total Qualification Time (TQT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preliminary Level A1 – Entry 1</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 1) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Preliminary A1)</td>
<td>95 hours</td>
<td>200 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access Level A2 – Entry 2</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 2) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Access A2)</td>
<td>95 hours</td>
<td>200 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Achiever Level B1 – Entry 3</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 3) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Achiever B1)</td>
<td>180 hours</td>
<td>300 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please note that the above figures are estimates of numbers of hours a Learner is reasonably likely to undertake in respect of each respective level of the qualification, not cumulative estimates across levels.

LanguageCert liaises with its centres and users to ensure that appropriate and consistent numbers of study hours are assigned to its qualifications.
2.1 Introduction to ESOL International (Speaking & Listening)

The aim of the LanguageCert ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualifications is to demonstrate a candidate’s ability to communicate using the English language across the CEFR levels from A1 (Entry 1) to B1 (Entry 3).

The LanguageCert ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualifications offer a comprehensive test of spoken English. The tasks in the examinations are designed to test the use of English in real-life situations. The ESOL International series of graded examinations provides ‘steps up the ladder’ of proficiency and can motivate candidates who are attending courses over a long period to continue their studies. They are also suitable for candidates attending short courses in English.

These examinations have been mapped to the levels of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).

Who are the LanguageCert ESOL International qualifications intended for?

The overall objective of the LanguageCert ESOL International qualifications is to provide candidates with a qualification that they can use where the ability to speak and understand verbal English is required. The qualifications are suitable for:

- non-native speakers of English
- young people or adults attending an English language course
- students learning English as part of their school or college curriculum
- people needing English for their everyday or working life
- learners who require externally recognised certification of their command of the English language

Entry Requirements:

- There are no other qualifications that a candidate must achieve, prior to taking a LanguageCert ESOL International qualification.
- There are no prior learning requirements that candidates must achieve/have prior to taking the LanguageCert ESOL International qualifications, however it is important that centres offer candidates the most appropriate LanguageCert ESOL qualification, depending on each candidate’s ability and needs.

Why take LanguageCert ESOL International qualifications?

Flexible Examination Dates

Centres or LanguageCert regional offices are in control of scheduling the date and time of the examinations and can hold examinations whenever it is suitable for them.

Integrity of total external assessment

All exams are externally set and are assessed by a closed group of markers at LanguageCert, regularly standardised through training to ensure consistency and objectivity of assessment.

Ofqual Recognition
LanguageCert is an Awarding Organisation recognised and regulated by Ofqual. Ofqual is a non-ministerial government department that regulates qualifications, exams and tests in England. Ofqual is independent of government and reports directly to Parliament.

*International recognition*

LanguageCert International English Qualifications (IEQs) are quality English language exams recognised by employers, educational institutions and professional bodies worldwide for both academic progression and employment.

*Relevance*

The tasks are sufficiently universal to suit all language learning styles and preparation methods. Exam content authentically replicates real-life English in use. All efforts are made to minimise bias in the examination materials. This includes robust quality assurance in the qualifications/exams development process and extensive trialing of qualification/assessment materials before live use.

**2.2 Levels and duration of the exam**

The levels chart below shows the three levels of the ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualifications and the duration of each associated examination. All examinations test Speaking & Listening skills.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Examination Levels</th>
<th>Qualification Titles</th>
<th>Duration of Speaking &amp; Listening Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1 – Preliminary – (Entry 1)</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 1) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Preliminary A1)</td>
<td>9 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 – Access – (Entry 2)</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 2) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Access A2)</td>
<td>12 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1 – Achiever – (Entry 3)</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 3) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Achiever B1)</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 2.3 Qualification Titles

The table below outlines the level names, full titles and qualification numbers for all levels of the ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) qualifications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LanguageCert and CEFR level</th>
<th>Qualification Title</th>
<th>Ofqual Qualification Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preliminary (A1)</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 1) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Preliminary A1)</td>
<td>603/3634/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access (A2)</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 2) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Access A2)</td>
<td>603/3635/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Achiever (B1)</td>
<td>LanguageCert Entry Level Certificate in ESOL International (Entry 3) (Speaking &amp; Listening) (Achiever B1)</td>
<td>603/3636/5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The full qualification titles identify the level of each qualification inclusive of the LanguageCert, CEFR, and England and Wales levels.

The name of each examination and appropriate CEFR Level appear below the title on each certificate.
2.4 CEFR and alignment of ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) to the CEFR

The three levels of the LanguageCert International ESOL (Speaking & Listening) qualifications are linked to those of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages¹ developed by the Council of Europe. The comparative levels chart below shows how the levels relate to each other.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LanguageCert Levels</th>
<th>Common European Framework</th>
<th>Equivalent UK national levels (England and Wales)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1 Preliminary</td>
<td>A1 Breakthrough</td>
<td>Entry Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 Access</td>
<td>A2 Waystage</td>
<td>Entry Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1 Achiever</td>
<td>B1 Threshold</td>
<td>Entry Level 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.5 Descriptions of spoken competence at each level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LanguageCert and CEFR qualification level</th>
<th>Descriptor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Preliminary (A1)                         | Can understand and use familiar everyday expressions and very basic phrases satisfying practical needs in connection with education, training and social roles.  
Can introduce him/herself and others and can ask and answer questions about personal details such as possessions, address and people known.  
Can interact in a simple way provided the other person talks slowly and clearly and is prepared to help. |
| Access (A2)                              | Can understand sentences and frequently-used expressions related to areas of most immediate relevance such as basic personal and family information, shopping, local geography, employment, education, training and social roles.  
Can communicate in simple and routine tasks requiring a direct exchange of information, feelings and opinions on familiar and routine matters.  
Can engage in conversation to establish shared understanding about familiar topics. |
| Achiever (B1)                            | Can understand the main points of clear standard communication on matters regularly encountered in social roles, work, school, leisure, education and training.  
Can convey information, feelings and opinions on familiar topics, using appropriate formality.  
Can engage in discussion in a familiar situation making relevant points and responding to reach a shared understanding.  
Can deal with most situations likely to arise whilst travelling in an area where the language is spoken.  
Can describe experiences and events, dreams, hopes and ambitions and briefly give explanations for opinions and plans. |

The above descriptors have been adapted from the global description of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages.
### 2.6 Format and features of ESOL International (Speaking & Listening)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Skill &amp; Focus</th>
<th>Task</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Speaking &amp; Listening Part 1</strong>: to respond to questions on familiar matters and communicate personal information</td>
<td>Give and spell name&lt;br&gt;Give country/place of origin&lt;br&gt;Answer five questions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Preliminary and Access</strong>: to give personal information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Achiever</strong>: to express opinions and ideas in addition to the above.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Speaking & Listening Part 2**: to initiate and respond appropriately in social situations | Two or three situations are presented by the interlocutor at each level and candidates are required to respond to and initiate interactions. |
| **All levels**: to communicate in real-life situations using a range of functional language to elicit or respond as appropriate. The sophistication and length of the expected candidate output increases through A1 to B1. | |

| **Speaking & Listening Part 3**: to exchange information and opinions | Exchange information to identify similarities and differences in pictures of familiar situations at Preliminary and Access levels<br>Hold a short discussion to make a plan, arrange or decide something using visual prompts at Achiever. |
| **Preliminary and Access**: to exchange information to complete a simple task | |
| **Achiever**: to co-operate to reach agreement/decision. The sophistication and length of the expected candidate output increases through A1 to B1. | |

| **Speaking & Listening Part 4 (a & b)**: to understand a short monologue delivered by the interlocutor and to deliver a short, uninterrupted talk on a relevant topic | Listen to the monologue and answers the questions. After 30 seconds of preparation time, talk about a topic provided by the interlocutor<br>Preliminary – half a minute<br>Access – 1 minute<br>Achiever – 1 and a half minutes<br>Answer follow-up questions from Interlocutor |
| **Preliminary and Access**: to demonstrate the ability to use sentences and produce a piece of connected spoken English | |
| **Achiever**: to narrate, describe or communicate ideas and express opinion(s). The sophistication and length of the expected candidate output increases through A1 to B1. | |
2.7 The four parts of ESOL International (Speaking & Listening)

Part 1 – communicating personal information

The aim of this part is to settle the candidate and to elicit personal and everyday information. The interlocutor first asks the candidate’s name, asks for the spelling of their family name and then asks for the candidate’s country of origin. It is not necessary for any information to be written down. The interlocutor then selects further questions from the interlocutor script provided.

With the exception of Preliminary, questions are given under five topic headings. The questions allow the candidate to respond by giving personal information, ideas and opinions on a range of topics and should produce a natural interaction in the time allowed.

Questions range from very simple, eg *How old are you?* (Preliminary) to more complex prompts, depending on the level.

Part 2 – communicating appropriately in social situations

The aim of this part is to test the candidate’s use and understanding of functional language in a range of real-life situations. Interlocutor and candidate enact at least two situations. The Interlocutor may need to assume a different persona, but the candidate is never required to do so.

The dialogue will usually involve four exchanges (two short turns each). The interlocutor reads aloud the exact words given for the chosen situation which signals the start of the dialogue.

The interlocutor first chooses one from four situations provided in the interlocutor script, to which the candidate responds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At Preliminary level, a typical situation might be:</th>
<th>Interlocutor: We are in a café. I’m a waiter. You’re a customer. I start.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>‘Good morning. What would you like to drink?’</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At Achiever level, a typical situation might be:</th>
<th>Interlocutor: I’m your friend. You look tired. I start.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>‘Why don’t you take a holiday?’</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The interlocutor then chooses one from four situations provided in the interlocutor script which require the candidate to initiate the interaction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At Preliminary level, a typical situation might be:</th>
<th>Interlocutor: You want to find a post office. Ask me. You start.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At Achiever level, a typical situation might be:</th>
<th>Interlocutor: I’m waiting for you outside the cinema. You’re late. You start.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The Interlocutor is expected to guide the interaction and supports the candidate. Further guidance for interlocutors can be found in the LanguageCert *Guide for Interlocutors.*
Part 3 – exchanging information and opinions

The aim of this part is to test the candidate’s ability to use and understand English in order to give and receive information and perform a communicative task. The task topics do not require the candidate to have specialist knowledge. The interlocutor and candidate exchange information to perform a task.

It is the language used in the interaction that is most important, not the ability to fully complete the task in the given time. However, the interaction should move towards achievement of the task set.

At Preliminary and Access levels the candidate needs to give and ask for information to find the differences between two pictures.

At Achiever an attempt at agreement after a discussion based on visual prompts is expected.

Part 4 – understanding a monologue and presenting a topic

The aim of this part is to test a candidate’s listening ability in order to understand a short monologue and then speak independently about a relevant topic with minimal participation by the interlocutor. The interlocutor delivers the topic and asks the candidate to talk about it. The candidate is given pencil and paper to make notes during the 30 seconds of preparation time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At Preliminary level, a typical topic might be:</th>
<th>What you do on Sundays?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At Achiever level, a typical topic might be:</td>
<td>Your most exciting experience.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The candidate may be asked to answer follow-up questions to their presentation or may be interrupted with questions from the interlocutor.

2.8 Key responsibilities of the Interlocutors

The Interlocutor is responsible for conducting LanguageCert ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) examinations. They elicit the spoken performance of the candidate by asking questions or setting up speaking tasks using the scripted Interlocutor Framework.

The Interlocutor must be:

- fluent in spoken English
- suitably qualified and experienced in the Teaching of English as a Foreign Language
- fully familiar with the 3 levels of the ESOL International examination
- able to adjust their language to reflect the 3 levels of the CEFR
- highly skilled at eliciting speech

The Interlocutor must have an excellent command of English, and be able to use the language to high degrees of skill in order to elicit language at an appropriate level from the candidate. A wide range of spoken and listening skills are tested: long turns, short turns, interactional and transactional language.
All Speaking and Listening exams are recorded and sent directly to LanguageCert where they are marked centrally by LanguageCert examiners.

To ensure all candidates have an equal chance of giving their best performance, the examinations must be conducted fairly and consistently and in accordance with the rules and regulations laid down by LanguageCert. Interlocutors do not examine or assess the candidate’s performance.

The Interlocutor must:

- be fully familiar with the contents of:
  - The Guide for Interlocutors
  - The ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) Handbook
- manage the interaction in the test and facilitate the candidate's performance
- be able to attend training prior to administering a live exam
- help set up the examination room
- be completely familiar with the scripted Interlocutor framework for each level of the ESOL International (Speaking & Listening) exams and deliver it as accurately as possible
- read each exam paper thoroughly before using it in a live exam
- adjust own use of English and speed of delivery as is appropriate for the level of the exam
- keep to the prescribed timings for all parts of the exam
- ensure that all candidates are treated fairly and given an equal opportunity to speak
- take a 15-minute break after running 8 consecutive exams
- take a 10-minute level-change break between groups of candidates who are entered at different levels
- ensure the security of examination material at all times
- record spoken examinations in digital format
- ensure the examinations are recorded live with the candidate in the same room
- ensure that all the administration connected with the live exam recordings is accurately carried out
- ensure all necessary procedures are in place to prevent malpractice during the examination
- ensure that all examination materials are collected immediately after the examination and handed to the person responsible for despatching them
- undertake to offer the services set out above within the specified times and in accordance with LanguageCert’ procedures.

During each examination, the Chief Invigilator is available for all aspects of the examination outside the Exam Room. The **Chief Invigilator** is responsible for:

- checking the identity of each candidate prior to the exam
• ensuring that candidates wait in a designated area prior to their exam taking place
• showing candidates into the Exam Room at the appropriate time
• ensuring that candidates who have completed their exam do not mix with those who are still waiting to go into the Exam Room
• ensuring that timings are adhered to as accurately as possible, if necessary by pointing out to the Interlocutor between candidates that each exam is taking too long or not long enough
• ensuring that candidates do not bring unauthorised material into the exam room
• ensuring that people moving around in the vicinity of the Exam Room remain quiet.

After the examinations have been conducted, the sound files have to be uploaded to the online system LanguageCert uses. The upload is the responsibility of the Chief Invigilator under the supervision of the Test Centre Manager.
3.1 Syllabus

Introduction

The syllabus shows the standards which a learner must achieve to gain a pass in each of the three levels of the examination. The standards must be read in conjunction with the sections showing the grammar tested at each level and the functions and topics used and tested at each level. These follow each set of standards.

The standards set out in the following pages are cumulative. That is, an A2 candidate, for example, will be able to carry out the standards set out for A1 and A2.

Preliminary level – A1

Speaking

The candidate will be able to:

- interact in a simple way provided the other person is prepared to repeat or rephrase things at a slower rate of speech
- initiate and respond to simple statements about personal details, in areas of immediate need or on very familiar topics
- communicate in a very limited range of social situations using a basic range of functional language
- exchange information to perform a task
- describe and explain familiar topics and simple routines
- give single-step instructions and directions in familiar contexts
- ask and answer simple questions
- produce simple phrases to express likes, dislikes and preferences in relation to familiar topics
- contribute points to a discussion, provided the other speakers are co-operative.

Pronunciation

The candidate will be able to:

- pronounce with sufficient clarity a limited repertoire of words and phrases so they can be understood by a sympathetic listener.

Accuracy

The candidate will be able to:

- display a limited control of very basic grammatical structures.
Range

The candidate will be able to:

- produce simple phrases and sentences to give basic information about and descriptions of familiar people and places, feelings and opinions.

Register

The candidate will be able to:

- cope appropriately, with support from the other person, in a limited range of familiar social situations.

Fluency

The candidate will be able to:

- manage the conventions of turn taking in very simple interactions

- use a very limited range of connectors to link utterances.
**Listening**

The candidate will be able to:

- follow carefully and slowly articulated speech which contains long pauses and repetition to allow the listener to process the information
- follow short conversations in everyday situations on topics concerning self, family and immediate surroundings, and understand gist, context and the relationship between speakers
- understand very simple questions, statements, accounts, narratives and single-step instructions spoken carefully and slowly
- follow short, simple directions and explanations
- identify the function of short utterances (see Grammar and Functions sections which follow)
- extract key information from conversations to complete a simple task.

**Phonological features**

The candidate will be able to:

- listen for phonological detail to distinguish between similar words.

**Range**

The candidate will be able to:

- understand key grammatical forms used in very common everyday familiar contexts
- recognise familiar words and very basic phrases concerning self, family and immediate concrete surroundings.

**Understanding gist**

The candidate will be able to:

- understand the main ideas of short explanations and conversations
- identify speakers, context and topic of short conversations.

**Understanding detail**

The candidate will be able to:

- extract key words, numbers and spellings from short statements and explanations.
Topics - Preliminary Level – A1

The candidate will be able to engage in spoken interaction on the following topics.

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION

- name
- address
- date and place of birth
- age
- sex
- marital status
- nationality
- origin
- occupation
- family
- likes and dislikes
- physical appearance
- title
- first language

HOUSE AND HOME, ENVIRONMENT

- accommodation, rooms
- furniture, furnishing
- services
- amenities
- region
- flora and fauna

DAILY LIFE

- at home
- at work

FREE TIME, ENTERTAINMENT

- leisure
- hobbies and interests
- TV, radio, computer etc
- cinema, theatre
- intellectual pursuits
- sports
- press
- internet
- music
- holidays

TRAVEL

- public transport
- private transport
- traffic
- holiday accommodation
- luggage
- travel documents
- signs and notices

LANGUAGE

- foreign language ability
- spelling and the alphabet
RELATIONS WITH OTHER PEOPLE
- relationships
- correspondence
- behaviour
- friends

HEALTH AND BODYCARE
- parts of the body
- personal comfort
- hygiene
- ailments, accidents
- medical services

SHOPPING
- shopping facilities
- foodstuffs
- clothes, fashion
- household articles
- prices

FOOD AND DRINK
- types of food and drink
- eating and drinking out

SERVICES
- post
- telephone
- banking
- police
- hospital, surgery
- garage
- petrol station
- emergency

PLACES
- asking the way and giving directions
- location

WEATHER
- giving information about the climate and weather
- climate and weather

MEASURES AND SHAPES
- digits and cardinal numbers up to 31
- telephone numbers
- height, length, weight, capacity, temperature
- dates, times, days
- shape

EDUCATION
- schooling
- subjects
Functions - Preliminary Level – A1

(see topics list for contexts)

Personal environment

- asking for and giving personal information
- describing where one lives (accommodation, area, etc)
- asking and answering questions for confirmation, information, identification
- describing familiar people, places and things
- correcting information
- explaining daily routines.

Expressing thoughts and feelings

- expressing agreement or disagreement
- stating knowledge or ignorance of something or someone
- stating and asking about ability or inability to do something
- seeking, granting or denying permission
- expressing wishes
- expressing a preference
- expressing likes and dislikes
- offering and accepting an apology.

Making things happen

- responding to a request
- requesting something or requesting someone to do something
- inviting someone to do something
- accepting or declining an offer or invitation
- giving single-step instructions
- counting and using numbers.

Social contact

- getting someone’s attention
- greeting people and responding to greetings
- expressing thanks
- addressing somebody
- introducing oneself, family and close friends
- opening, closing a conversation
- indicating lack of understanding
- asking someone to clarify something
- asking for and giving the spelling and meaning of words
- asking for and telling people the time, day, date
- taking leave.
Access level – A2

Speaking
The candidate will be able to:

• speak with reasonable ease in structured situations and short conversations on familiar topics, although from time to time will be asked to repeat or clarify
• communicate personal information to give simple descriptions of family, other people, living or working conditions, habits and daily routines, education background and/or job
• communicate in a limited number of social situations using a range of functional language
• exchange information to perform a task
• give simple directions, instructions and explanations
• ask and answer questions
• give a short description or tell a simple story using simple and compound sentences
• express simple feelings and opinions and establish a shared understanding.

Pronunciation
The candidate will be able to:

• pronounce the sounds of English sufficiently clearly to be generally understood.

Accuracy
The candidate will be able to:

• display some control of basic grammatical structures.

Range
The candidate will be able to:

• display an adequate range of vocabulary to communicate on familiar topics and perform simple tasks.

Register
The candidate will be able to:

• adjust language to suit context in straightforward situations.
Fluency

The candidate will be able to:

- manage the conventions of turn taking in short social exchanges, using simple techniques to start, maintain, and end a conversation
- use a limited number of common discourse markers.

Listening

The candidate will be able to:

- understand speech which is clearly and slowly articulated
- follow short conversations both formal and informal connected with education, work and social life understanding gist, context, feelings, opinions and relationships
- understand simple questions, statements, narratives, directions, explanations and instructions
- identify the function of short utterances (see Grammar and Functions sections)
- extract and reproduce key information from simple spoken messages and announcements.

Phonological features

The candidate will be able to:

- recognise stress and intonation in simple and compound sentences

Range

The candidate will be able to:

- understand key grammatical forms used in common everyday contexts and situations
- understand high frequency vocabulary and basic phrases relating to areas of immediate personal relevance in straightforward familiar formal and informal exchanges.

Understanding gist

The candidate will be able to:

- understand the main ideas in short, clear, simple messages, presentations and announcements, explanations, narratives and instructions
- identify topic, purpose, context, speakers, relationships and opinions from conversations.

Understanding detail

The candidate will be able to:

- extract key words, phrases, numbers and spellings from announcements and messages.
Topics – Access Level – A2

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION
- name
- address
- date and place of birth
- age
- sex
- marital status
- nationality
- origin
- occupation
- family
- likes and dislikes
- physical appearance
- title
- first language

HOUSE AND HOME, ENVIRONMENT
- accommodation, rooms
- furniture, furnishing
- services
- amenities
- region
- flora and fauna

DAILY LIFE
- at home
- at work

FREE TIME, ENTERTAINMENT
- leisure
- hobbies and interests
- TV, radio, computer etc
- cinema, theatre
- intellectual pursuits
- sports
- press
- internet
- music
- holidays

TRAVEL
- public transport
- private transport
- traffic
- holiday accommodation
- luggage
- travel documents
- signs and notices

RELATIONS WITH OTHER PEOPLE
- relationship
- correspondence
- behaviour
- invitations
- friends

HEALTH AND BODYCARE
- parts of the body
• personal comfort
• hygiene
• ailments, accidents
• medical services

SHOPPING
• shopping facilities
• foodstuffs
• clothes, fashion
• household articles
• prices

FOOD AND DRINK
• types of food and drink
• eating and drinking out

SERVICES
• post
• telephone
• banking
• police
• hospital, surgery
• garage
• petrol station
• emergency

PLACES
• asking the way and giving directions
• location

LANGUAGE
• foreign language ability
• spelling and the alphabet

WEATHER
• providing limited information about the climate and weather

MEASURES AND SHAPES
• digits and cardinal numbers up to 100 and multiples of 100
• telephone numbers, process
• height, length, weight, capacity, temperature
• dates, times, days
• shape

EDUCATION
• schooling
• subjects
Functions - Access Level – A2

(See topics list for contexts)

Personal environment

- asking for and giving personal information
- describing where one lives (accommodation, area, etc)
- asking and answering questions for confirmation, information, identification
- describing people, places and things
- correcting information
- explaining daily routines
- describing past events
- comparing things, people

Expressing thoughts and feelings

- expressing agreement or disagreement
- denying something
- expressing views and feelings with reasons
- stating and asking about knowledge or ignorance of something or someone
- stating and asking about ability or inability to do something
- stating and asking about certainty or uncertainty of something
- seeking, granting or denying permission
- expressing and asking about wishes and hopes
- expressing and asking about wants, desires, needs
- stating and asking about intention
- stating a preference
- expressing and asking about likes and dislikes, with reasons
- expressing and asking about (dis)pleasure, (un)happiness
- expressing gratitude
• offering and accepting an apology
• expressing approval or appreciation
• expressing regret

Making things happen
• responding to a request
• requesting something or requesting someone to do something
• inviting someone to do something
• accepting or declining an offer or invitation
• giving instructions
• giving advice
• warning others to be careful or to stop doing something
• offering and requesting assistance
• suggesting a course of action

Social contact
• getting someone's attention
• greeting people and responding to greetings
• expressing thanks
• addressing somebody
• introducing oneself, family and close friends
• opening, closing a conversation
• congratulating someone
• indicating lack of understanding
• asking someone to clarify or explain something
• asking someone to repeat all or part of something
• asking someone to speak more slowly
• asking for help in finding words or phrases
• asking for and giving the spelling and meaning of words
• counting and using numbers
• asking for and telling people the time, day, date
• interrupting politely
• summing up
• taking leave
• observing telephone conventions
Achiever level – B1

Speaking
The candidate will be able to:

• interact competently if not always accurately in everyday situations
• communicate personal information, opinions and ideas and respond to those of others
• communicate in a variety of social situations using an appropriate range of functional language
• exchange information, feelings and opinions to perform a task
• narrate, describe, explain and express opinions in extended speech related to familiar contexts
• contribute points to a simple discussion.

Pronunciation
The candidate will be able to:

• pronounce the sounds of English sufficiently well to be generally understood and show a fair control of stress and intonation patterns.

Accuracy
The candidate will be able to:

• display a good control of basic grammatical structures without impeding errors when dealing with familiar topics.

Range
The candidate will be able to:

• display an adequate range of vocabulary and expression to deal with familiar situations and topics
• narrate using past tenses.

Register
The candidate will be able to:

• adopt a degree of formality appropriate to familiar circumstances
• use appropriate phrases in familiar situations such as greeting and leave-taking.
**Fluency**

The candidate will be able to:

- initiate and follow the norms of turn-taking, prompt and manage the discourse with a degree of independence
- connect descriptions, narratives and descriptions in simple ways
- speak without undue hesitation unless searching for information, vocabulary or when reformulating

**Listening**

The candidate will be able to:

- understand clearly articulated standard speech delivered relatively slowly
- follow short conversations both formal and informal in a range of familiar situations understanding gist, context, feelings, opinions and relationships
- understand straightforward narratives, sequences, instructions, directions and explanations
- identify the function of short utterances (see Grammar and Functions sections)
- follow the main points, speakers, purposes and attitudes in an extended discussion
- extract and reproduce key information from announcements and media broadcasts on a range of familiar topics.

**Phonological features**

The candidate will be able to:

- recognise stress and intonation in order to follow discourse
- recognise feelings, moods, attitudes, important points and opinions expressed through stress and intonation.

**Range**

The candidate will be able to:

- understand key grammatical forms used in familiar and less familiar contexts and situations
- understand high frequency vocabulary and expressions relating to familiar and less familiar topics.
Understanding gist & detail

The candidate will be able to:

• understand the main ideas in straightforward announcements, conversations and discussions on familiar and less familiar topics.

• extract key information from announcements, conversations and discussions on familiar and less familiar topics.
Topics - Achiever Level – B1

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION
- name
- address
- date and place of birth
- age
- sex
- marital status
- nationality
- origin
- occupation
- family
- likes and dislikes
- physical appearance
- title
- first language
- character, disposition

HOUSE AND HOME, ENVIRONMENT
- accommodation, rooms
- furniture, bedclothes
- services
- amenities
- region
- flora and fauna
- types of accommodation
- cost

DAILY LIFE
- at home
- at work
- income
- prospects

FREE TIME, ENTERTAINMENT
- leisure
- hobbies and interests
- TV, radio, computer etc
- cinema, theatre
- intellectual pursuits
- sports
- press
- internet
- music
- holidays
- exhibitions, museums
- artistic pursuits

PLACES
- asking the way and giving directions
- location

MEASURES AND SHAPES
- all digits and cardinal numbers
- telephone numbers
- height, length, weight, capacity, temperature
- dates, times, days
- shape
TRAVEL
- public transport
- private transport
- traffic
- holiday accommodation
- luggage
- travel documents
- signs and notices
- entering and leaving a country

RELATIONS WITH OTHER PEOPLE
- relationships
- correspondence
- behaviour
- invitations
- club membership
- government and politics
- crime and justice
- social affairs
- friends

HEALTH AND BODYCARE
- parts of the body
- personal comfort
- hygiene
- ailments, accidents
- medical services

SHOPPING
- shopping facilities

FOOD AND DRINK
- foodstuffs
- clothes, fashion
- household articles
- prices

SERVICES
- post
- telephone
- banking
- police
- hospital, surgery
- garage
- petrol station
- emergency

LANGUAGE
- foreign language ability
- spelling and the alphabet

WEATHER
- give information about the climate and weather

EDUCATION
- subjects
- qualifications
Functions – Achiever Level – B1

(see topics list for contexts)

Personal environment

- asking for and giving personal information
- describing where one lives (accommodation, area etc)
- asking and answering questions for confirmation, information, identification
- describing people, places, things
- correcting information
- explaining daily routines
- narrating and describing past, present and future events
- comparing things, people
- reporting facts, actions.

Expressing thoughts, feelings and attitudes

- expressing and asking about agreement or disagreement
- denying something
- expressing views and feelings with reasons
- stating and asking about knowledge or ignorance of something or someone
- stating whether a person, thing or action is remembered or forgotten
- enquiring of someone else whether a person, thing or action is remembered or forgotten
- stating and asking about degrees of probability
- expressing, denying or asking about necessity (including logical deduction)
- stating and asking about one’s certainty or uncertainty of something
- stating and asking about one’s ability or inability to do something
- stating and enquiring about one’s obligation (or lack of) to do something
- seeking, granting or denying permission
- stating and asking about the permissibility of doing something
- expressing and asking about wishes and hopes
- expressing and asking about wants, desires, needs
• stating and asking about intention
• stating, responding to and asking about preference
• expressing and asking about likes and dislikes, with reasons
• expressing and asking about (dis)pleasure, (un)happiness
• expressing and asking about satisfaction or dissatisfaction
• expressing disappointment
• expressing gratitude
• expressing and asking about interest or lack of it
• expressing surprise or lack of it
• expressing and asking about fear or worry
• giving reassurance
• expressing regret, sympathy
• offering and accepting an apology
• granting forgiveness
• expressing approval or appreciation
• expressing regret
• expressing indifference
• expressing and asking about approval or disapproval
• expressing moral obligation

**Making things happen**

• responding to a request
• requesting something or requesting someone to do something
• inviting someone to do something
• accepting or declining an offer or invitation
• giving instructions
• giving and asking for advice
• responding to or rejecting advice, with reasons
• warning others to be careful or to stop doing something
• offering and requesting assistance
• insisting politely
• persuading someone to do something
• suggesting a course of action
• asking for, responding to or rejecting suggestions with reason/alternative
• encouraging someone to do something
• making and agreeing plans and arrangements
• reaching a compromise
• prohibiting someone from doing something
• making a complaint
• social contact
• getting someone’s attention
• greeting people and responding to greetings
• expressing thanks
• addressing somebody
• making and responding to introductions
• opening, closing a conversation
• congratulating someone
• praising someone
• paying a compliment
• asking someone’s opinion
• indicating lack of understanding
• giving and asking for clarification or explanation of something
• confirming one’s own or another’s understanding
• asking someone to repeat a word, phrase or sentence
• asking someone to speak more slowly
• asking for help in finding words or phrases
• asking for and giving the spelling and meaning of words
• counting and using numbers
• asking for and telling people the time, day, date
• interrupting politely
• exemplifying or emphasising a point
• encouraging another speaker to continue
• indicating a wish to continue or finish speaking
• summing up
• taking leave
• observing telephone conventions
### 3.2 Grammar

**Grammar – Preliminary (A1), Access (A2) and Achiever (B1) levels**

Candidates may be exposed to the grammar required for the level above, but will not be tested on it. The standards set out in the following pages are cumulative. That is, a B1 candidate, for example, will be able to carry out the standards set across all three levels - A1, A2 and B1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Achiever</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Simple sentences</strong></td>
<td>word order in simple statements: subject-verb-object/adverb/adjective/prepositional phrase</td>
<td>There was/were</td>
<td>There has/have been</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>word order in instructions</td>
<td></td>
<td>There will be/there is going to be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>word order in questions</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is/are + noun</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Compound sentences</strong></td>
<td>use of conjunctions <em>and</em>/<em>but</em>/<em>or</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>word order subject-verb-(object)</td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>(+ and/but/or) + subject-verb-(object)</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Preliminary</td>
<td>Access</td>
<td>Achiever</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>as Preliminary and in addition</td>
<td>as Access and in addition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complex sentences</td>
<td></td>
<td>Clauses of:</td>
<td>word order in complex sentences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>time with <em>when, before, after</em></td>
<td>complex sentences with a subordinate clause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>reason <em>because, result so</em></td>
<td>defining relative clauses with <em>who, which, that</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>noun clause with <em>that</em></td>
<td>clause as subject/object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Verb forms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb forms</th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Achiever</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Present reference:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>simple present tense of be/have/do and common regular verbs</td>
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<tr>
<td>present continuous of common verbs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Have got</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Yes/no questions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Question words: who/what/where/when/how much/how many/how old</td>
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<tr>
<td>Auxiliary ‘do’ for questions and negatives (positive questions only)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Short answers such as yes he does, no I haven’t</td>
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<tr>
<td>imperatives and negative imperatives</td>
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<tr>
<td>contracted forms appropriate to this level</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Past reference:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>past tense of regular and common irregular verbs with time markers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future reference:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>NP + be going to, present continuous and time markers</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>limited range of common verbs, -ing form, such as like, go</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>verb + to + infinitive such as want, hope</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>very common phrasal verbs such as get up, get off</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Future reference:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Future simple verb forms, NP + will</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Zero and 1st conditional</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of verbs + -ing forms</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>to + infinitive to express purpose</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>common phrasal verbs and position of object pronouns, such as I looked it up</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Verb forms**

- **Preliminary**
  - Present reference: simple present tense of be/have/do and common regular verbs
  - present continuous of common verbs
  - Have got
- **Access**
  - as Preliminary and in addition
- **Achiever**
  - as Access and in addition

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ID No: International ESOL (Speaking & Listening) – Qualification handbook_ver01.1/04.12.2018
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Achiever</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>let’s + infinitive for suggestion</td>
<td>questions such as what time, how often, why, which</td>
<td>simple reported/embedded statements and questions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>simple question tags using all the verb forms at this level</td>
<td>question tags using all verbs appropriate at the level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>contracted forms appropriate to this level</td>
<td>contracted forms appropriate to this level</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Modals, nouns, pronouns, possessives, prepositions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Achiever</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Modals</strong></td>
<td>Present reference: <em>can</em>, <em>can’t</em> (ability/inability, permission) and <em>would like</em> (request)</td>
<td>Modals and forms with similar meaning: <em>must</em> (obligation)</td>
<td>Modals and forms with similar meaning: <em>should</em> (obligation, advice)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>mustn’t</em> (prohibition)</td>
<td><em>might, may, will, probably</em> (possibility and probability in the future)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>have to</em>, <em>had got to</em> (need)</td>
<td><em>would/should</em> (advice)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>can</em>, <em>could</em> (requests)</td>
<td><em>need to</em> (obligation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>couldn’t</em> (impossibility)</td>
<td><em>needn’t</em> (lack of obligation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>may</em> (permission)</td>
<td><em>will definitely</em> (certainty in the future)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>single modal adverbs: possibly, probably, perhaps</td>
<td><em>may I</em> (asking for permission)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>I’d rather</em> (stating preference)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nouns</strong></td>
<td>regular and common irregular plural forms</td>
<td>countable and uncountable nouns</td>
<td>noun phrases with pre- and post-modification such as <em>fair-haired people with sensitive skin</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>very common uncountable nouns</td>
<td>simple nouns phrases</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cardinal numbers 1-31</td>
<td>cardinal numbers up to 100, multiples of 100</td>
<td>all cardinal numbers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Preliminary</td>
<td>Access</td>
<td>Achiever</td>
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<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>as Preliminary and in addition</td>
<td>as Access and in addition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pronouns</td>
<td>personal - subject</td>
<td>object, reflexive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possessives</td>
<td>possessive adjectives such as my, your, his, her, its, our, their</td>
<td>possessive pronouns such as <em>mine</em>, <em>yours</em>, <em>whose</em></td>
<td>As Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>use of ‘s, s’</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepositions and prepositional phrases</td>
<td>common prepositions such as at, in, on, under, next to, between, near, to, from</td>
<td>prepositions of place, time and movement, such as before, after, towards, up, down, along, across, in front of, behind, opposite</td>
<td>wide range of prepositions, such as <em>beyond</em>, <em>above</em>, <em>beneath</em>, <em>below</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>prepositional phrases of place, time and movement, such as <em>at home</em>, <em>on the left</em>, <em>on Monday</em>, <em>at six o’clock</em></td>
<td>prepositional phrases of place and time, such as <em>after dinner</em>, <em>before tea</em></td>
<td>prepositional phrases such as in her twenties, of average height, in the top right hand corner</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Articles, determiners, adjectives, adverbs, intensifiers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Articles</th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Achiever</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Definite, indefinite</td>
<td>definite article</td>
<td>definite article with post-modification, such as the present you gave me</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 zero article with uncountable nouns</td>
<td>definite article with superlatives</td>
<td>use of indefinite article in definitions, such as an architect is a person who designs buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 definite article with post-modification, such as the present you gave me</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Determiners</td>
<td>any, some, a lot of</td>
<td>all, none, not (any), enough, (a) few, (a) little, many, more, most, much, no</td>
<td>a range of determiners, eg all the, most, both</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjectives</td>
<td>common adjectives in front of a noun</td>
<td>order of adjectives</td>
<td>adjectives ending –ed and -ing such as tired and tiring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>demonstrative adjectives this, that, these, those</td>
<td>comparative, superlative, regular and common irregular forms</td>
<td>comparative structures, eg as……as, is the same as, not so…as…, looks like/is like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ordinal numbers 1-31</td>
<td>use of than</td>
<td>all ordinal numbers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ordinal numbers up to 100 and multiples of 100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adverbs</td>
<td>simple adverbs of place, manner and time, such as here, slowly, now</td>
<td>simple adverbs and adverbial phrases: sequencing, time and place, frequency, manner</td>
<td>more complex adverbial phrases of time, place, frequency, manner, eg as soon as possible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intensifiers</td>
<td>Preliminary</td>
<td>Access</td>
<td>Achiever</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>as Preliminary and <strong>in addition</strong></td>
<td>as Access and <strong>in addition</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>position of adverbs and word order of adverbial phrases</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>very, really</td>
<td></td>
<td>quite, so, a bit</td>
<td>a range of intensifiers such as <strong>too, enough</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Punctuation and spelling</td>
<td>Preliminary</td>
<td>Access</td>
<td>Achiever</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Punctuation</strong></td>
<td>use of capital letters and full stops</td>
<td>use of question marks, exclamation marks, use of comma in lists</td>
<td>use of punctuation in formal and informal texts, such as dashes, brackets, bullet points, speech marks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spelling</strong></td>
<td>the correct spelling of personal keywords and familiar words</td>
<td>the correct spelling of most personal details and familiar common words</td>
<td>the correct spelling of common words and key words relating to own work, leisure and study interests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Discourse</strong></td>
<td>sentence connectives: <em>then, next</em></td>
<td>adverbs to indicate sequence (<em>first, finally</em>) use of substitution (<em>I think so, I hope so</em>) markers to structure spoken discourse (<em>Right, well, OK</em>)</td>
<td>markers to indicate addition (<em>also</em>), sequence (<em>in the first place</em>), contrast (<em>on the other hand</em>) markers to structure spoken discourse, (<em>anyway, by the way</em>) use of ellipsis in informal situations (<em>got to go</em>) use of vague language (<em>I think, you know</em>)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4 Overview of Assessment for ESOL International (Speaking & Listening)

LanguageCert ESOL International examinations are assessed against the following criteria (as detailed in the syllabus):

- Listening & Responding: the ability to understand interlocutor prompts and respond appropriately
- Interactive Communication and Task Fulfilment: the ability to understand and maintain the interaction, and manage the tasks adequately for the level
- Accuracy and Range of Grammar: the ability to demonstrate a range and control of grammar for the level
- Accuracy and Range of Vocabulary: the ability to demonstrate a range and control of vocabulary for the level
- Pronunciation, Intonation and Fluency: the ability to connect utterances, maintain the flow and engage in effective communicative exchanges

The grades awarded will be either Pass or Fail.

Candidates are awarded a mark from 0 to 10 for Listening and Responding. For each of the four other criteria candidates are awarded a mark from 0 to 5.

The maximum raw marks they can get across the four parts of the test is 30.

Overall Result Determination

The maximum available raw marks for the International ESOL (Speaking & Listening) exam are 30, regardless of the level. There are two possible overall grades: Pass and Fail. The table below shows what the requirements for each grade are.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>International ESOL skill</th>
<th>Maximum raw marks</th>
<th>Grades</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Speaking &amp; Listening</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Fail 0-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Pass 18-30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The assessment of the candidate is not carried out by the Interlocutor. The test is recorded, and LanguageCert Marking Examiners listen to the recording and mark the candidate based on a set of criteria and descriptors of performance for each level.
Access Arrangements

Access arrangements are reasonable adjustments and a reasonable adjustment must be applied for using the LanguageCert Reasonable Adjustment and Special Considerations Policy.

Access arrangements allow candidates with learning difficulties, disabilities or temporary injuries to show what they know and can do without changing the demands of the assessment. Examples include:

- A reader to read the questions
- A scribe to write the answers

Access arrangements are agreed before an assessment. For some arrangements, including readers and scribes, centres must apply to LanguageCert for permission before the examination. Please refer to the LanguageCert Reasonable Adjustment and Special Considerations Policy for the specific timeframes to apply for permission.

For information on arrangements not listed here, please contact LanguageCert. Specific contact details can be located in the LanguageCert “Contact us Guide”.

The International English for Speakers of Other Languages (Speaking & Listening) examination assesses the candidate’s speaking and listening ability and oral communication skills. Examples of access arrangements are given in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Access Arrangement</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extra Time</td>
<td>The candidate is allowed to complete the examination in additional time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Braille or Modified Question Papers</td>
<td>A range of formats are available, including large print</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practical Assistant</td>
<td>Someone who helps with practical tasks not related to the test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supervised Rest Breaks</td>
<td>The candidate must remain under exam conditions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exemptions

Exemptions can only be considered as a last resort. For more information, please contact LanguageCert.

Specimen Assessment Materials: LanguageCert offers a comprehensive range of practice papers and assessment materials for its ESOL International qualifications which can be downloaded via the LanguageCert website (www.languagecert.org).